

1. Find the derivative of the following:

(a) $y = x^x$

$$x^x(1 + \ln x)$$

(b) $y = \ln \left(\frac{x^2-4}{2x+5} \right)$

$$\frac{2x}{x^2-4} - \frac{2}{2x+5}$$

(c) $y^x = x^y$

$$\frac{\ln y - \frac{y}{x}}{\ln x - \frac{x}{y}}$$

(d) $f(x) = \sinh^3 x$

$$3(\sinh x)^2(\cosh x)$$

(e) $f(x) = \ln(\sinh x)$

$$\frac{\cosh x}{\sinh x}$$

(f) $y = (\sin x)^x$

$$(\sin x)^x [x \cot x + \ln(\sin x)]$$

2. The radius of a sphere is found to be 21 *cm* with a possible error in measurement of at most .05 *cm*. What is the maximum error in using this value of the radius to compute the volume of the sphere? (**HINT:** use differentials)

$$r = 21, \quad dr = .05, \quad V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3, \quad dV = 4\pi r^2 dr$$

$$\text{so } dV = 4\pi(21)^2(.05) \approx 277 \text{ cm}^3$$

3. A baseball diamond is a square with each side being 90 feet. A batter hits the ball and runs toward first base with a speed of 24 ft/s. At what rate is his distance from second base decreasing when he is halfway to first base?

$$\approx 10.7 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$$

4. **Show** that $\cosh x + \sinh x = e^x$

use the exponential definitions on the LHS

5. The altitude of a triangle is increasing at a rate of 1 cm/min while the area of the triangle is increasing at a rate of 2 cm²/min. At what rate is the base of the triangle changing when the altitude is 10 cm and the area is 100 cm²?

$$A = \frac{1}{2}ba$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \left[b \frac{da}{dt} + a \frac{db}{dt} \right]$$

$$\dots \frac{db}{dt} = -\frac{8 \text{ cm}}{5 \text{ s}}$$