

Homework Key for Section 1

1. Differentiate the following functions:

(a) $f'(x) = 0$

(b) $f'(x) = -\frac{2}{3}$

(c) $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 5$

(d) $f'(x) = \frac{5}{3}x^4$

(e) $f'(x) = -\frac{2}{5}x^{-7/5}$

(f) $f'(x) = 4\pi x^2$

(g) $f'(x) = \frac{72}{x^7}$

(h) $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - 2e^x$

(i) $f'(x) = 2ax + b$

(j) $f'(x) = 3/2x^{1/2}2x^{-1/2} - x^{-3/2}$

(k) $f'(x) = e^{x+1}$

2. Find an equation of the tangent line to $f(x) = 3x^2 - x^3$ at the point $(1, 2)$.

$$y = 3x - 1$$

3. Find the first and second derivative of the following function:

$$f'(x) = 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 8 \quad f''(x) = 12x^2 - 18x$$

4. For what values of x does the graph $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + x + 3$ have a horizontal tangent?

$$x = -1 \pm \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

Homework Key for Section 2

1. Differentiate:

(a)

$$f'(x) = e^x(x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 2)$$

(b)

$$g'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}e^x(2x + 1)$$

(c)

$$y' = \frac{e^x(x - 2)}{x^3}$$

(d)

$$y' = \frac{xe^x}{(1 + x)^2}$$

(e)

$$g'(x) = \frac{1}{(2x + 1)^2}$$

(f)

$$f'(t) = \frac{8 - 2t^2}{(4 + t^2)^2}$$

(g)

$$y' = 14x^6 - 4x^3 - 6$$

(h)

$$y' = \frac{-t - 1}{(t - 1)^3}$$

2. Use the Product Rule twice to prove that if f , g and h are differentiable then $(fgh)' = f'gh + fg'h + fgh'$

Homework Key for Section 3

1. Differentiate:

(a) $f'(x) = 6x + 2 \sin x$

(b) $f'(x) = \cos x - \frac{1}{2} \csc^2 x$

(c) $g'(x) = 3x^2 \cos x - x^3 \sin x$

(d) $f'(\theta) = -\csc \theta \cot \theta + e^\theta (\cot \theta - \csc^2 \theta)$

(e)

$$y' = \frac{2 - \tan x + x \sec^2 x}{(2 - \tan x)^2}$$

(f)

$$y' = \frac{\sec \theta \tan \theta}{(1 + \sec \theta)^2}$$

(g)

$$y' = \frac{x \cos x - 2 \sin x}{x^3}$$

2. Find an equation of the tangent line to $y = x + \cos x$ at the point $(0, 1)$

$$y = x + 1$$

3. Find the following limit:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 3x}{x} = 3$$

Homework Key for Section 4

1. Differentiate:

(a) $y' = -20x(1 - x^2)^9$

(b) $y' = e^{\sqrt{x}}/2\sqrt{x}$

(c) $f'(x) = (20x^3 + 35)(x^4 + 7x - 4)^4$

(d) $f'(x) = (2 + 3x^2)/4(1 + 2x + x^3)^{3/4}$

(e) $f'(x) = e^{-kx}(-kx + 1)$

(f) $y' = -24(2x^4 + 7)^5(8x - 4)^{-4} + 40x^3(8x - 4)^{-3}(2x^4 + 7)^4$

(g) $y' = (\cos x - x \sin x)e^{x \cos x}$

(h) $y' = 2 \cos(\tan 2x) \sec^2(2x)$

(i) $y' = 2^{\sin \pi x} (\pi \ln 2) \cos \pi x$

(j) $y' = (-\pi \cos(\tan \pi x) \sec^2(\pi x) \sin \sqrt{\sin(\tan \pi x)}) / (2\sqrt{\sin(\tan \pi x)})$

(k)

$$y' = \frac{12x(x^2 - 1)^2}{(x^2 + 1)^4}$$

(l)

$$y' = \frac{1}{(x - 1)^{1/2}(x + 1)^{3/2}}$$

(m)

$$y' = (x^2 + 1)^{-3/2}$$

Homework Key for Section 5

1. Find dy/dx by implicit differentiation:

(a)

$$y' = -x^2/y^2$$

(b)

$$y' = \frac{2x + y}{2y - x}$$

(c)

$$y' = \frac{3y^2 - 5x^4 - 4x^3y}{x^4 + 3y^2 - 6xy}$$

(d)

$$y' = \frac{-2xy^2 - \sin y}{2x^2y + x \cos y}$$

(e)

$$y' = \frac{y(y - e^{x/y})}{y^2 - xe^{x/y}}$$

(f)

$$y' = \frac{e^y \sin x + y \cos(xy)}{e^y \cos x - x \cos(xy)}$$

2. Find the derivative and simplify:

(a)

$$y' = \frac{(\tan^{-1} x)^{-1/2}}{2(1 + x^2)}$$

(b)

$$y' = \frac{1 - x(1 + x^2)^{-1/2}}{1 + (x - \sqrt{1 + x^2})^2}$$